## AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

A listing of the claims presented in this patent application appears below. This listing replaces all prior versions and listing of claims in this patent application.

## Claims 1-75 (canceled).

Claim 76 (new): A method of identifying a compound which modulates binding of a ligand to an EGF receptor comprising:

- (A) designing or screening for a compound which binds to the structure formed by amino acids 1-475 or formed by amino acids 313-621 of a receptor having the atomic coordinates as shown in Figure 6 for amino acids 1-621 of the EGF receptor, where binding of the compound to the structure is favored energetically, and
- (B) testing the compound designed or screened for in (A) for its ability to modulate binding of the ligand to the EGF receptor *in vivo* or *in vitro*, thereby identifying a compound that modulates binding to the EGF receptor.

Claim 77 (new): The method according to claim 76, wherein the testing in step (B) is performed by a high-throughput assay.

Claim 78 (new): The method of claim 76, wherein the testing in step (B) comprises testing the compound for the ability to modulate EGF receptor mediated cell proliferation.

Claim 79 (new): The method of claim 76, wherein step (A) involves designing or screening for a compound which binds to a  $\beta$ -sheet of the L1 domain within the structure formed by amino acids 1-475 of a receptor having the atomic co-ordinates as shown in Figure 6 for amino acids 1-621 of the EGF receptor.

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Claim 80 (new): The method of claim 76, wherein step (A) involves designing or screening for a compound which binds to a  $\beta$ -sheet of the L2 domain within the structure formed by amino acids 1-475 or formed by amino acids 313-621 of a receptor having the atomic coordinates shown in Figure 6 for amino acids 1-621 of the EGF receptor.

Claim 81 (new): The method of claim 76, which further includes the step of modifying the compound identified such that binding to a face of the structure containing the second  $\beta$ -sheet of the L1 and/or L2 domains is enhanced in the modified compound compared to the unmodified compound, wherein the face is characterized by a plurality of solvent-exposed hydrophobic residues.

Claim 82 (new): The method of claim 81, in which the hydrophobic residues include:

- (i) Tyr64, Leu66, Tyr89, Tyr93; and/or
- (ii) Leu348, Phe380 and Phe412.

Claim 83 (new): The method of claim 76 in which the compound is identified from test compounds in a database.

Claim 84 (new): The method of claim 76, wherein step (B) comprises testing the compound for its ability to increase signal transduction by binding to the EGF receptor.

Claim 85 (new): The method of claim 76, wherein step (B) comprises testing the compound for its ability to decrease signal transduction by binding to the EGF receptor.

Claim 86 (new): The method of claim 76, wherein step (B) comprises testing the compound for its ability to inhibit or prevent the binding of a ligand to the EGF receptor.

Claim 87 (new): A method of selecting a compound which binds to the EGF receptor comprising:

(A) designing or screening for a compound which binds to the structure formed by amino acids 1-475 or formed by amino acids 313-621 of a receptor having the atomic

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coordinates as shown in Figure 6 for amino acids 1-621 of the EGF receptor, where binding of the compound to the structure is favored energetically, and

(B) selecting a compound designed or screened for in (A) which has an experimentally determined  $K_d$  or  $K_I$  of less than  $10^{-6}M$  for the EGF receptor, thereby selecting a compound which binds to the EGF receptor.

Claim 88 (new): The method as claimed in claim 87, wherein  $K_d$  is less than  $10^{-8}M$ .

Claim 89 (new): The method of claim 87, wherein  $K_I$  is less than  $10^{-8}M$ .